VOLUME XXXVII, NO. 342.

MONDAY.

(ANSAS CITY, MAY 20, 1895.

ALK WITH PRESIDENT HILL

He ays European Investors Are Buying Aberican Securities Because They Have More Funds Than They Can

"Will not the Canadian Page railway

MONDAY.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

MR. VEST IS SHREWD

HE SECURES THE SUPPORT OF HAR-VEY W. SALMON, OF CLINTON.

SALMON WILL ENTER THE SENATO-RIAL RACE AS A BLIND.

At the Proper Time He Will Withdraw From the Contest and Deliver His Supporters, Bag and Baggage, Over to Mr. Vest and Get a Receipt.

Washington, May 19.—(Special.) Some of the close friends of Senator Vest announce that he has secured the support of Harvey Salmon, the political slugger of Clin-This is remarkable, in view of the fact that at one time Governor Stone and Mr. Salmon were the best of friends,

It is said in order to work this scheme successfully Mr. Salmon will come out at the proper time as a candidate for the senate. He is to get together a few votes and hold them for safe delivery to Senator Vest at the right time. Of course Salmon far as possible and get support that would go to the governor in the event Salmon was not a candidate. He will endeavor to get his supporters together and gradually emthem ready to hand over to Vest against Stone at the proper time.

The excuse for this action on the part of

Salmon is to be found in the wrangle be-tween Wiley O. Cox and the governor. Mr. Salmon will take the position that the governor shall not be allowed to treat Mr. Cox as he did without estranging him also. While this is to be his excuse for his candidacy, in the interests of Vest, it may be stated that Salmon would be for Vest anyhow, even if he could not get this excuse to explain it with. The long established relation between them in business with one end in the senate and the other end in the Indian country, makes it very certain that they have understood each other for some time in a very substantial way, and it is almost ridiculous to suppose that Salmon would not be for Vest as long as there is a show to elect him again.

It is claimed by the friends of Vest that be stated that Salmon would be for Vest

as long as there is a show to elect him again.

It is claimed by the friends of Vest that Salmon can be relied upon in the matter, despite the fact that Mr. Cox was not well pleased over the part Mr. Vest played in the matter of selecting a receiver for the National Bank of Kansas City. Mr. Cox had an impression that the senator did not do as much on that occasion as his former work for Mr. Vest would suggest. In fact, Mr. Cox thought that Mr. Vest should not hesitate to tell the comptroller at first that he wanted Cox appointed, and not hang around for days and weeks expecting the comptroller to ask him who should be appointed. Nevertheless, it is claimed that Salmon can handle Cox all right, even yet, as he will refer pathetically to the wonderful amount of business they yet have on hand, and with which Vest is familiar, and can continue to be mutually valuable in a financial way.

VEST WILL NOT BE COMFORTED. nator Was Not Consulted in Regard

to Adams' Appointment—Cleveland Read the "Journal." Washington, May 19 .- (Special.) Senator Vest is distressed and refuses to be com-forted. He views with alarm and denounces the outrage of having large slices of pie, such as United States judgeships, changing hands in Missouri before he knows anything about it, much less being knows anything about it, much less being given a hand in the manipulation. The senator and ex-Governor Francis chanced to meet in a hotel lobby, and the senator was very cool. Francis tried to warm him up and they engaged in conversation for a few minutes. The senator indulged in some violent gesticulations, using both arms at once, and it was discovered that he, in the high places, was not handling parlor language exclusively. Mr. Francis parlor language exclusively. arms at once, and it was discovered that he, in the high places, was not handling parlor language exclusively. Mr. Francis availed himself of the opportunity to impress on the senator that Judge Elmer E. Adams, who has been appointed to succeed Priest, is a good man, quite as good as Judge Priest, and that it would be the act of a malcontent and not that of a good Democrat to refuse to vote for confirmation, and this is the part Mr. Francis is much interested in. Mr. Francis left for home, uncertain as to his ability to quiet the senator. It is believed that the president said down on Vest and Cockrell in the Adams appointment on account of the combination "take off" letter on the president sent to ex-Senator McLauren by the two senators, and a copy of the Journal showing in parallel columns the president's letter to Governor Stone and the letter fathered by Cockrell was promptly shown to Private Secretary Thurber, who hastened to carry it to the president, It is understood that the president exploded at some length in violent fashion, Mr. Thurber was asked to-day if the president had retailated on the letter and replied in the negative, but at the same time winked the other eye.

EARTHQUAKES IN ITALY.

Quivering Globe, Causing Great Excitement.

Florence, May 19.—The earthquake which occurred here at 9 o'clock last evening has proved more serious than it seemed day night in the streets and a second shock at 11 o'clock increased a thousandfold the first alarm. The movement of the second earthquake was slight. Some slight damage was done and some persons were injured. Similar events at Baris, near here. The casualties there included four deaths and many injured. Numbers of houses were also badly cracked. Other villages in the vicinity suffered still worse damage. At Grassina, forty houses were wrecked. At La Paggi several buildings fell and three persons were entombed. The church at San Martino was destroyed while full of worshipers, several persons being crushed to death in the ruins. Many who were wounded are still in the ruins. The villages of Gallezzo and Gambino were badly damaged. The Prince of Naples and a corps of engineers have gone to these villages to aid in the work of rescue. day night in the streets and a second shock

Rome, May 19.—Saturday's earthquake lasted ten seconds at Orezzo. There were two shocks at Slona. It was less severe at Piss. Placentia, Bologna and Parma. The earthquake was recorded on instruments at Rome, Rocca di Papa and Ischia.

DISCOURAGING FOR PIE HUNTERS.

United States Attorneys in the Territory Washington, May 19 .- (Special.) The attorney general stated to-day that, as one United States attorney and one assistant United States aftorney and one assistant had taken care of the business of the whole indian country before the passage of the late court bill, three United States attorneys should be able to do the same business now without assistants. This expression was called out by an inquiry as to who would be selected for assistant attorneys in the three judicial districts of the territory.

territory.

The attorney general indicated very plainly that a fairly industrious attorney in one
of these districts ought to be able to get
along without an assistant. Of course,

F. M. DeBORD

PAINTS, GLASS, ROOM MOLDING AND WALL PAPER.

THE CAMPAIGN FOR SILVER.

A FLANK MOVEMENT ON STONE Formation of Bi-Metallie Club- in Every Part of the United States Earnestly

Salt Lake City, U. T., May 19.—Thomas J. Metrill, Edward B. Light and Governor L. Bradford Prince, the committee appoint ed on Saturday by the executive con of the National Bi-metallic Union, to pre pare instuctions for the organization of district, city and town unions

state, district, city and town unions throughout the country, have issued the following address on the subject, and earnestly request the newspapers of the country to publish the same:
"To the People of the United States.
"It is a matter of vital importance in carrying out the plan of action adopted by the meeting of the National Bi-metallic Union that in districts, towns, cities and states, the organization of bi-metallic unions be entered upon at once. The object of these unions is for thorough organization in the interest of education of the voters of the land upon the financial question, which is the burning question before the American people to-day. The only hope for the success of this struggle for the full restoration of silver to its place as money at a ratio of 16 to 1 by the United States is in such an education of the people as will cause a majority of the voters of our country in November, 1896, to vote for independent bi-metallism, regardless of party lines.

"The formation of these unions may be entered upon at once and we suggest that each union adopt the mame of the district, town or state in which they are organized,

to vote for independent bi-metallism, regardiese of party lines.

"The formation of these unions may be entered upon at once and we suggest that each union adopt the name of the district, town or state in which they are organized and that the secretary of each union address a letter to E. B. Light, secretary of the National Bi-metallic Union, Denver, Col., who will forward a form of constitution and by-laws recommended by the national organization, As soon as the local organizations are completed they shall appoint a committee of their most earnest workers for the purpose of circulating a subscription paper throughout their entire community. We would further recommend that the subscription be made in regular monthly payments, which shall continue until November, 1898.

"Further recommendations will be made by the secretary at the time the constitution and by-laws are forwarded. The money so raised is required for the purchase of and circulation of bi-metallic literature, furnishing honest and unanswerable arguments for full and independent bi-metallism; believing this is the only way to restore permanent prosperity to our beloved land. This is a struggle between the money power and patriolism, and in order to win our cause, as we have the money interest to oppose us which is all-powerful, it is absolutely necessary that every patriotic citizen shall at once enlist in this fight and render us as great assistance as is in his power until this battle is won,

"EDWARD B. LIGHT,"

BIG FIRE AT ST. ALBANS, VT. Many Business Houses Destroyed, the Loss Aggregating Over Half a Million

St. Albans, Vt., May 19.-A disastrous fire swept St. Albans this afternoon, destroying dwellings, business blocks, public buildings and a large amount of other property. Loss will amount to thousands of dollars. Fire broke out shortly after 3 o'clock in the lumber yard of W. B. Fonda and in a short time several large piles of and in a short time several large piles of lumber and business offices had been ig-nited. There was a heavy wind blowing at the time and the fire spread rapidly. It destroyed quite a number of stores and soon spread to the big building occupied by the Crown Furniture Company and Col-lins' meat market, The blocks of Wood & Favro, J. H. Montfere and W. E. Dean, adjoining, were also destroyed in a short lins' meat market. The blocks of Wood & Favro, J. H. Montfere and W. E. Dean, adjoining, were also destroyed in a short space of time. At this point the wind had increased to a miniature hurricane and the burning embers were carried in every direction. Swanton and Burlington were called on for help and soon responded. It was found impossible to prevent the Main street blocks from burning, and a dozen buildings were soon on fire.

The government building on Kingman street caught fire a few minutes after 1 o'clock and was soon gutted. Most of the papers, furniture, etc., were saved. The Hill block, occupied by J. E. Welch and W. N. Adams, was leveled to the ground. At 5:30 the Messenger building caught fire and burned fiercely for half an hour, the fire extending to the block occupied by W. H. Bellis and W. H. Woodward's store. Most of the buildings were of wood and burned like tinder before the strong gale, many occupants not having time to rescue their effects. Moore's marble works on Foundry street, Ryan's grocery store and twelve tenement houses in the vicinity of the distributed as short the wind had a large proportion of assembly. His text was taken from the sustains boast especially of their orthomades byterians boast especially of their orthomades they cannot be presented in every direction. Swanton and claim the smoky atmosphere has had no effect in obscuring the clearness of their Calvinistic vision. But it is many a day since the place was at taken possession of so completely by the forces of the denomination. Churches of the f 3:39 o'clock.

Pully thirty families are homeless to-night. The hotels are using kerosene and candles, as the gas and electric light servce is cut off. The loss will exceed half a million dollars,

MR. DENT'S QUEER EXPERIENCE

Sedalia Man Resigns From a Nice Fat Office He Never Held. Sedalia, Mo., May 19.-(Special.) A wash ington telegram in yesterday's St. Louis pa-pers announced that George B. Dent had resigned as a United States railway mail clerk. The publication was the first intimation to Mr. Dent, who is a resident of
this city, that he had been holding such a
position. Eighteen months ago Mr. Dent
passed a civil service examination in Kansas City. After being notified by mail of
his successful examination, Mr. Dent heard
nothing further from the postoffice department, until two weeks since, when
he received a letter from the department,
stating that he had been appointed a
mail clerk some fifteen months ago, but
that no response was received. An investigation followed and it was learned
that the postoffice department had been
sending letters to Mr. Dent at 629 North
Sixth street, St. Louis, instead of 636 West
Sixth street, Sedalla. The department offered to again place Mr. Dent on the list
of mail clerks, but he declined the offer,
resigning from a position he never held. clerk. The publication was the first inti-

PROGRESS IN CHICAGO.

The Woman's Club of That City Abolishes

Chicago, Ill., May 13.—The Chicago Wom-an's Club has obliterated the color line. Character and character alone, backed by intelligence, is now the only condition of membership in that organization. Race,

membership in that organization. Race, color, creed, political leanings, are all pushed aside.

This was accomplished last night, after prolonged and, at times, heated discussion; and to Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson belongs much of the credit for the victory.

Since Mrs. Fannie R. Williams, the well known colored woman, failed to become a member of the club early last winter, the question of color had been the one live issue in the club. But the victory is only half won for the Chicago women. They must carry their point in the Pederation of Women's Clubs, a national organization with which the Chicago club is affiliated. Also affiliated with the federation are a number of women's clubs in Southern cities. With them, wiping out the color line is a proposition which will doubtless cause a prolonged wrangle.

Pittsburg, Kas., May 19.—(Special.) Mon-roe Shultz, about @ years old, was found dead on the prairie near the Frisco round-house in the city about 5 o'clock this morning. A coroner's inquest disclosed the fact that he had Bright's disease of the kidneys and heart disease, which is the supposed cause of his death. Deceased leaves a wife and two unmarried children in Barry county, Mo., and other married children in Pittsburg.

Cold in Nebraska.

TERRIBLE PUNISHMENT INFLICTED UPON BLACKS IN FLORIDA.

FLAYED ALIVE AND BURNED.

SWIFT AND AWFUL RETRIBUTION FOR A GREAT CRIME.

Three Negroes Quickly Lynched in the Swamps of the Suance River for the Murder of Mamle Armstrong, a Young White Girl, Accompanied by Atroclous Indignities.

in business, bit too nigh as a result of the deal beween these two companies. Rates will be ut up slightly all along the line and many sypenses cut off. Moreover, it means that the Canadian Pacific will be given a live, race in the building up and developmen race in the building up are development as the Northeest, and should resia succeed at Niarara Falls in making steel from iron or by electricity, as he says he will soon, the Montana metropolis who become one of the great industrial cities of the Northwest, with its contiguous coat, on and silver "Will not the Canadian Paras callway." St. Louis, Mo., May 19.—A special from Eliaville, Fla., to the Republic says: Three negroes were lynched Saturday night in a men, for assaulting a white girl. It is reported that they wer burned, after being

tortures.

The crime for which the negroes were so horribly put to death was one of the most terrible in the history of this section of Florida. The scene of the crime and retribution was in Lafavette, the adjoining county to Madison, on the south. Miss Mamie Armstrong, the beautiful daughter of a prominent Lafayette county farmer, left her home five days ago to spend the night with a neighbor, who lived two miles distant. The next day Miss Armstrong's father went to the house to bring her home, and was alarmed to hear that nothing had been seen of her. Mr. Armstrong alarmed the neighbors and a search was made, The woods were scoured and the Suanee river dragged, Finally, about midway between the home of Mr. Armstrong and the neighbor's house, the handkerchief of the girl was found, clinging to a bush, and all around were evidences of a desper-

Her head was crushed and her throat cut.

It was evident that the girl had made a desperate fight, for under her nails were found pieces of black cuticle, which she had torn from her assailants.

Sam Echols was suspected and threatened with instant death unless he confessed. He did so and implicated Sim Crowley and John Brooks.

Echols said they kept the girl for twenty-four hours before killing her, treating her to the most horrible indignities. For the greater part of the time, the negro said, Miss Armstrong was unconscious. Having secured the negroes implicated by Echols, the white men proceeded with the three flends to a dense swamp on the Suance river, where they were made to suffer torture similar to that which they inflicted on the girl.

The white people are terribly aroused and swear they will exterminate the negroes if these outrages are continued.

PRESBYTERIANS IN PITTSBURG.

THE WORLD'S OUTPUT OF IRON

Mr. Berkenbine Presents Some Instructive

in the United States.

bine, the iron ore expert of Philadelphia, has prepared for the division of mineral

resources of the United States geological

ore resources of the world, in which the

TYLER'S GRANDSON DEAD.

He Was the Only Man-Child Ever Born in

the White House. Washington, May 19.—The only male per-

son ever born in the White House, Robert Tyler Jones, a grandson of President Ty-

ler, is dead in this city. He was the son of Mary Tyler Jones, the eldest and favorite

daughter of the president. He served in the Confederate army as a captain and was a brave and faithful soldier. In later years he was employed in the treasury depart-ment. Since his retirement from that po-sition he has had practically no employ-ment.

Gresham and Hitt Improving.

Washington, May 19.—Secretary Gresham had a quiet, restful day.

Representative Hitt's condition to-day was the best since his illness assumed such a critical stage.

En Route for Houston.

Ardmore, I. T., May 19.—(Special.) Eighty
rederate veterans, members of John A.

Organ camp, 197, U. C. V., of this place,
th about 150 yisitors, many of them mem-

Washington, May 19 .- Mr. John Berken-

London, May 19,-If the case of Miss Birdle" Sutherland, the chorus girl in the The Divines of the General Assembly Occu Galety theater, analyst Hon. Dudley Churchill Marjoribanks, eldest son of pled Many Pulpits in the City Yesterday
-Moderator Booth's Sermon. Baron Tweedmouth, for breach of promise, Pittsburg, Pa., May 19.-Pittsburg Pressensational trial since Miss Fortescue, the actress, won file,600 from Lord Garmoyle on a similar charge. Miss Sutherland is very handsome, nearly six feet tall and only 18 years old. Her real name is Annie Lewis Watkins. She first met the Hon. Dudley Marjoribanks at the Prince of Wales' Club. It was a case of love at first sight. He proposed and was accepted. When his parents learned of the affair, they were very much disturbed.

Mr Marjoribanks went to Canada with his Mr. Marjoribanks went to Canada with his ever, in the sermon of the moderator, Dr. R. Booth, who preached as usual in the church where the assembly sits. He was greeted by a large audience, which contained a large proportion of assembly commissioners. Dr. Booth was attended in the pulpit by Dr. William McEwan, the pastor of the church, and by Dr. William E. Moore, permanent clerk, of the assembly this text was taken from the gaspel of John xii:22, "And I. If I be lifted from the earth, will draw all men unto Me."

Parts of two days have now been devoted by the assembly to the discussion of the subject of assembly control of the theological seminaries. To-morrow the matter will be resumed with vigor. Thus far all attempts to limit debate have been voted down overwhelmingly, but word has gone forth that a decision must be reached at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Many, however, doubt the ability of the leaders to put this programme through. The attitude of the liberais favors postponement in the expectation that if the report of the committee of conference with the seminaries is thoroughly aired, it will be weakened and will lose votes every day. The conservatives, on the contrary want a decision, quick, sharp and overwhelming.

mother on a visit to the Earl of Aberdeen, governor general of Canada. The young man did not return with his mother to England, but remained in Canada and the

BIRDIE OUGHT TO WIN.

Churchill Marjorlbanks for Breach of Promise.

ARCHBISHOP KENRICK SUED.

erable Prelate From His Diocese. St. Louis, Mo., May 19 .- Prominent Catholic clergy and laymen are plaintiffs in a suit filed Saturday in the circuit court against the venerable Archbishop Peter Richard Kenrick, by priests of his diocese and laymen, to divest him of all title and control in the valuable church property of the archdiocese of St. Louis held by him

control in the valuable church property of the archdiocese of St. Louis held by him in fee.

The petition avers that the defendent is 89 years old and so weak in mind as to be unable to perform the duties of his office. On this account the property held by him, consisting of lands, churches, convents, cemeteries and asylums is liable to be lost or impaired. The prayer for the appointment of another trustee is only a request that the law transfer the diocesean property to Coadjutor Archbishop Kain. Several weeks ago a newspaper controversy arose over the reported loss of Archbishop Kenrick's will. Archbishop Kain gave out at the time that a testament was in the hands of Archbishop Hennessey, of Dubuque, Ia.

Since then, however, another and later will has been found. The plaintiffs, who by the way act as beneficiaries of the trust, say that this last will is confused and almost impossible of interpretation; that the devisements would come to naught, in case Archbishop Kenrick died and this instrument was filed for probate.

Another cause for fear growing out of the improperly drawn will is the possible action of heirs of Archbishop Kenrick. This danger is anticipated from Ireland, where the aged prelate is supposed to have relatives. Were he to die and not leave a valid will, these heirs would have a prima facie cause for action for the possession of the millions which he holds in fee simple. The anxiety of Archbishop Kain and his advisers to avert publicity and a law suit brought Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia to this city a few weeks ago. Archbishop Kain and his advisers to avert publicity and a law suit brought Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia to this city a few weeks ago. Archbishop Kain and his advisers to avert publicity and a law suit brought Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia to this city a few weeks ago. Archbishop Kain and his advisers to avert publicity and a law and the lawyers set to work.

Yesterday's suit is a last resort of Archbishop Kain to get full control of the diocese, which Rome intends him t

CHARLES B. ARMOUR VERY SICK.

cal Condition.

survey an exhaustive report of the Iron ore resources of the world, in which the production of iron ore in 1833 is estimated at about 52,500,600 long tons.

The portion of this report relating to the United States shows the total production of iron ore in this country in 1894 was 11,872,679 long tons, of 2,200 pounds, as compared with 11,587,629 long tons in 1882.

This is an increase of about 2½ per cent. This production is only 73 per cent of the maximum production of the United States, namely, 16,236,686 long tons, which was the output in 1882, but is slightly greater than that of 1833, the proportion in that year being 71 per cent of 1892, showing a remarkable falling off. The falling off is further shown by the statement that the average production for the years from 1899 to 1892, inclusive, was 15,280,482 long tons, while for the last two years it has been but 11,733,634 long tons, a difference of 3,658,688 tons. Of the classes of iron ore mined, the red hemitite continues to be the leading variety, being 79 per cent of the total production; brown hemitite, magnetite and carbonite following in the order named, the last being only about three-fourths of 1 per cent of the total product.

The number of blast furnaces in operation also show an increase over 1893. The number in blast at the close of 1893 was 137; at the close of 1894, 185.

Twenty-four states produced iron ore in 1894. New York, May 19.-The condition of Charles B. Armour, who is lying ill at the Windsor hotel, was to-night said to be worse. About 9 o'clock he was attacked worse. About 9 o'clock he was attacked with spasms and the doctor was hurried to his bedside. It is believed, however, that he will last through the night.

Charles Armour is a brother of Philip Armour, of Chicago. For some years he has been troubled with a fungoid growth in his left nostril. Less than a month ago he was examined by a local specialist, who decided it was necessary to remove the growth.

growth.

The patient appeared to be greatly releved and until two weeks ago was in capital health and spirits. Then he fell suddenly sick. Dr. Biggs, the physician of the hotel, was called in and diagnosed the case as one of blood poisoning resulting from the operation. Later it was found that symptoms of lung trouble had developed.

oped.
Mrs. Kemp, the mother of Mrs. Armour, was telegraphed for and came on from Chicago. As stated Mr. Armour has a fighting chance for his life, but is still dangerously ill.

TORTURED TO DEATH here of other ex-Confederate camps here to light and in the merning for the reunion AFTER A DESPERADO.

UNITED STATES MARSHALS THOUGHT THEY HAD SAM BLAKE CORNERED.

HIS FATHER'S HOME SEARCHED

OFFICERS EXPECTED A FIGHT AND WEST WELL PREPARED.

Newyork, May 19.—President James J. Hill, o the Great Northern railway, who arrived rom Europe yesterday, conferred with th Northern Pacific reorganization committe and then started for Chicago. Previous 3 his denarture Mr. Hill said in an intervix that Collis P. Huntington did not put thee per cent estimate on increase in business, bit too nigh as a result of the deal between these two companies. Wanted for Participating in the Dove Train Robbery-Was a Member of the Tulsa Jack Gang of Outlaws.

> When the members of the family of S L. Blake, who lives on West Linden av-enue, Independence, went to breakfast yes-terday morning they found that their home had been surrounded during the night by United States marshals. Each of the officers was armed and to all appearances was ready for a fray. As Mr. Blake stepped to the door one of the de-tectives presented a search warrant and gated that they had come to search dated that they had come to search the Research was proceeded with. The little attic after the closets of the residence were searched, be, when the officer of the law emerged he die not have a prisoner with

detectives, with City Marshal Hulse, stood watch over the premises to see that no one escaped. The detectives, who claimed to be from the Indian Territory, called Mr. Blake into his parlor and told him that they wanted his son Sam for a witness in a train robbery that had taken place last fall in Texas. While three of the detectives were en-

with its contiguous coal, the Northwest, with its contiguous coal, to northwest, mines.

"Will not the Canadian Pace railway be a dangerous competitor?" he're railway be a dangerous competitor?" he're railway be a dangerous competition? he're railway be a dangerous competition? he're railway mothing to the proposed new line of the control of the proposed new line of steamships between Japan and the Pacific coast, Mr. Hill said:

"Now that the war between China and Japan is virtually over, I expect that there will be a big industrial development in those two nations, and the United States will have as a consequence a good deal of business with them. If such a line of steamships is established, it will have to have new ships for fast service, like the Atlantic liners, and of course that would take some time. But it will come."

"What is the general feeling toward American railways in Europe."

"The present European buying seems to me to be the result of investors having more funds on hand than they know what to do with. There has been over-speculation in Africa and a great many millions sterling have been made in Africa in mining enterprises. Hence the people are looking for places to invest their profits. It is very difficult to get good European securities, so they are driven somewhat reluctantly to invest in our stocks and bonds. Of course this does not apply to American securities that have always stood well, but to those that have been more or less questioned by investors. Unless American properties are better managed and closer economy exercised, Europe will discount them in the future. We have got to establish a character for economic administration if we want foreign lavestors to take up our securities."

"The industrial situation is not picking up by any means," replied Mr. Hill. "The silk business has gone to China. The most active business in England is the manufacture and sale of machinery on orders, principally from Eastern nations like Japan and India, which nations are now manufacturers and produce gaging Mr. Blake in conversation, Hulse accompanied another detective to the Missouri Pacific depot, where inquiries were made as to the passengers who had left made as to the passengers who had left the station on the night before. This query resulted the same as the official hunt at the residence, no one having seen the man wanted. After the officers had pumped their unwilling witness to the fullest extent, they left the house in a hack, which was standing conveniently by. The hack contained a young arsenal. The seats of the vehicle were covered with Winchesters and short muzzle guns for long range work. While leaving the premises the officers were accosted by a reporter, much to the surprise of the detectives. The only information that they would give was to the effect that they were from Oklahoma, and in search of a "witness."

Mr. Blake, however, was more talkative. He stated that the officers were after his son, Samuel, and that they wanted him for a witness in a shooting case down in Texas. He stated that they seemed somewhat disappointed at not finding him. He was sure that his son was not a principal in the killing and that the detectives only wanted him for a witness. He was surprised to know that the hack contained enough firearms to exterminate a regiment, and upon this piece of information grew excited. Mr. Blake stated that one of the men represented himself to be the agent for the Weils-Farro Express the station on the night before. This query a regiment, and upon this piece of the tion grew excited. Mr. Blake stated that one of the men represented himself to be the agent for the Wells-Fargo Express Company. One of the company's officers had been robbed last fall at a small town in Texas. While the robbery was going on the Sheriff of the county appeared and was shot down. Blake was given to understand that his son Sam knew something about the perpetrators of the crime and that he was a very much needed witness. He plainly told the officers that he had no knowledge as to Sam's whereabouts, and that several months had elapsed since Sam had written home. It suddenly dawned upon the old man that Sam was something more than a witness, and that a witness could be secured without the use of a young army of detectives to lay in Miss Sutherland Is Suing Hon. Dudley

"Bill' Cook or the Daltons. Since leaving home he understood that his boy had gotten along pretty well, and expected to send for his wife at an early date. The old man wound up his story that even if his son had been engaged in a robbery he would never secrete him in a house. From other sources of information it was learned that the Blake boys are well known in the Indian Territory, where they have made a record. Bill Blake was killed several months ago by one of the officers that visited Independence yesterday. He is now numbered with the dead heroes of the Indian nation who have been sent to their death by United States deputy marshals, John Blake, it is stated, be also dead to the world, for he is locked up in a Texass in il. When the officers get Sam they will have bagged the trio. The party was in charge of General Manager C. T. Stockton, of the Wells-Fargo Express Company. Mr. Blake, the father of the boys, seemed to be a respectable old farmer, but during the interview yesterday kept his own coansel as to the whereabouts and death of his sons. Although having knowledge as to the death of his son, he feigned to believe that Samuel was a model boy, but unfortunate in being a witness to a shooting scrape.

At the head of the gang of officers was Deputy Marshal Nix. He is the man who killed Tulsa Jack a short time after the train robbery at Dover, when Express Messenger Jones, of this city, was shot in the arm. Paine was at the head of the party that was put in pursuit of the outlaws, and has done nothing else since that time save track the men. He came to Kansacity Friday morning with his partner and said he had a certain tip that Blake was at the home of his father. The two deputies were reinforced here by Deputy Marshal finance, it was put in pursuit of the outlaws, and has done nothing else since that time save track the men. He came to Kansacity Friday morning with his partner and said he had a certain tip that Blake was at the home of his father. The two dependence, where the search took place. The off

as a desperado.

The officers were very much chagrined over their failure to find the man, as they had hoped to find him at the home of his father certainly.

A Battle With a Burglar.

A Battle With a Burglar.

Atchison, Kas. May 19.—(Special.) Jam Ayres, an Atchison restaurant propriets was wounded by a burglar at his hor early this morning. Ayres awakened wh the burglar was in his room and the burlar ordered him to lay quiet, but Ayr went to a bureau and secured his revoler; nine shots were fired, four by Ayr and five by the burglar. One builet to effect in Ayres' side, which surgeons ha not been able to locate. The burglar w not hit, and escaped, leaving his sho by which it is hoped to identify hi Ayres is not believed to be seriously in predictions.

ome money. The robbers held up two hers last night, but secured but little only from them. Dr. Williams is pastor the First Presbyterian church here and a prominent physician.

CLEVELAND'S CHANCE FOR FAME The President's Name Will Go Down Posterity if He Will Reward the

Little Ones. Washington, May 19.—(Special.) Theresident received thirty-seven letters ye terday on the question of presents for babies. The Indian Territory is finally rep-

resented in a letter as follows:
"Sir:-On the 12th of June, 1893, there

"Sir:—On the 12th of June, 1892, there was a baby boy born to me at my house weighing ten pounds at birth. I was so enthused over your election and inauguration that I named my baby Grover, in honor of Grover Cleveland, president of the United States. My boy will be 2 years old June 12, 1865, and would appreciate a present from the chief magistrate of our nation."

A fourth class postmaster in Kansas also writes to the president, His epistic runs thus: "My wife noticed in the papers an account of the triplets which were christened after your family, and the outcome of the matter. She says, now how will in he with fourth class postmasters' children? We have two girls which we have chistened, one Ruth and the other Esther. Unfortunately we have no photograph as yet, not being able to have them taken Any little memento will satisfy her, and will be thankfully received by all the family.

Oklahoma comes again with a brief and

family."

Oklahoma comes again with a brief and business-like letter, running as follows:

"We have two children and expect another yery soon. If it is a boy it will be named Grover, if you will lend me \$500."

OSBUN WILL BE TRIED AGAIN. The Jury in His Case Falled to Agree and Was Discharged-Eight for Conviction.

Lawrence, Kas., May 19,-(Special.) The jury in the Clinton Osbun murder case, after being out sixteen hours, sent word to the judge this morning that they could not agree. Judge Benson called them into the

court room at 10 o'clock, and after receiving assurances that no agreement could be reached, and the counsel on both sides being willing, the jury was discharged. It is said the jury stood four for acquittal and eight for conviction in some degree, though the eight were not agreed on what charge the defendant could be found guilty.

The case will come up again at the November term of the Douglas county district court. In speaking of the case Judge Benson said it was tried on its merits and was very fairly contested. An immense amount of evidence was introduced in a very short time, and there was no jettifogging by the counsel on either stie. The present trial of the case has cost the people of Jackson county about \$1,500.

PROTEST FROM MINOT SAVAGE. The Eminent Boston Preacher Der

Armenian Massacres and Thinks Cleveland Should Do Something.

Boston, May 19.-Rev. Minot J. Savage on West Newton street, to-day uttered on of the most stirring protests against th jects by the Turkish government that ha been voiced in this city since the news of the atrocities became known here. An ad-dience which filled the spacious auditoring room was present and at the close of the sermon every one present, at the request of the minister, rose to his feet to utter standing appeal to Fresident Cleveland tha-he in some manner, by proclamation.

NO MERCY FOR TRAIN ROBBERS.

They Will Be Punished by Instant Death in Mexico if Taken in the Act. City of Mexico, May 19 .- A bill has jus

ng the manner in which train robber will hereafter be dealt with in Mexico, Th "If, during the assault of any train, there one or more passengers, the criminals

one or more passengers, the criminals, apprehended, will then and there be edemned to suffer the death penalty, wi out any other formality than the draft of the minutes regarding the execution the officers in the charge of the forces feeting their capture. Those whose sture shall not be made at the moment the commission of their crimes will tried by the authorities most adjacent the spot of their apprehension in the pemptory period of fifteen days and made to suffer the death penalty."

CARLISLE ON "SOUND MONEY."

The Secretary Starts on His Campaign of Education and May Explain How to Meet a Deficit.

Washington, May 19.-Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle and party left Washing ton at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon over th Chesapeake & Ohio railroad for the South where the secretary is to make severa addresses in support of the sound money policy. The party will reach Covington poncy. The party will reach Covington, Ky, to-morrow morning and in the evening Secretary Carlisle will speak at the rink. Thursday afternoon he will speak at the convention of sound moneyites at Memphis. The following Saturday afternoon he will make an address at Bowling Gren. Ky., and will then go direct to Louisville. He will speak in Louisville on the following Tuesday. His return to Washington will be made the Wednesday after.

SOMETHING'S IN THE WIND. Colonel Crisp and Stilson Hutchins Meet In

Close Confab at Washington-New Newspaper, Maybe? Washington, May 19 .- (Special.) The Hon John T. Crisp, of Kansas City, arrived this morning and, according to arrangement, he was met at the hotel by Stilson Hutchins. The two have been in close con flutenins. The two have been in close con-ference all day. Years ago they were as-sociated in business, running the St. Louis Times, and the understanding is that they have a very large newspaper scheme or foot and that their scheme will be of spe-cial interest to Missouri. The scheme has a Philadelphia end to it, and they will visit that city to-morrow.

TOO BUSY TO VISIT KANSAS CITY. Comptroller Eckels Invited to Make

Washington, May 19.—(Special.) Comptroller Eckels has received a letter from a Kansas Cityan, asking him to visit that town with his speech-making goldbug clothes on. The comptroller indicated that he did not believe he had time to make the trip, despite the fact he would like to take a swing around that part of the country.

Grand Lodge of the Order Will Convene at Buffalo. Buffalo, N. Y., May 19.-Everything nov

Buffalo, N. Y., May 19.—Everything now is indicative of a pacific and successful meeting of the grand lodge B. P. O. E. in this city to-morrow. Fully three-fourths of the lodges will be represented by delegates and most lodges, Louisville among the number, will send a body. The Buffalo lodge has made extensive preparations for the entertainment of the visiting Elks, the programme presenting one continual round of pleasure. The sessions of the grand lodge will be held on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the initial session being opened by an address of welcome from the mayor of Buffalo.

Winfield, Kas., May 19.—(Special.) Orin Sargeant and Bessie N. Sargeant, first cousins, were in jall last night. Their arrest revealed the fact that they are the parents of the baby deposited on a doorstep in Arkansas City. Being first cousins they could not procure a license to marry, and so abandoned the child to avoid disgrace.

To-day we look for the weather to be fair! eariable whate.

Thermometer yesterday-Minimum, 52; mass-

The Journal, \$4.00 a year

by mail, 10 cents a week

No let up in the great selling of Muslin Underwear. No reason why there should be-the qualities up and prices down-and every size you may want. If there's a single garment that you need, come to the Store to-day. It means money in your pocket to do so.

There is no economy in your

spending a dollar for a Cambric Gown if you haven't use for the gown. That we'd call defeating the ends of economy. 'Twould be extravagant to buy anything at any price we have marked upon it in the Big May Sale if you didn't need it. If you have use for the Gowns, the Drawers, the Corset Covers, there's economy in buying now while the manufacturers' cost to produce has not been consid-We're selling to-day a Drawer or Corset Cover for 48c that the manufacturer got 63c forthis is what we mean by "manufacturers' cost to produce not con-

sidered. Don't buy anything you don't need. At the same time, don't buy too little of anything you do need. No economy in buying too little; better buy too much.

When seasonable standard stuffs -hot weather goods-from the laffray auction sales are going for half, it's economy to spend your money if you need the goods; extravagance if you don't.

Is there in all of this great Western country such another gathering of Laces and Embroideries? Not that we know of. Can you think of another Lace and Embroidery department, in big or little store, that is managed as ours?

Your common thought goes for more in this department than in most any other. It may go for more here than you suspect if you'll take time and look. We're glad to have you wander about, use your eyes and fingers-ask questions. If wise, you'll see at a few glances how this stock differs from any other you have ever seen. Its superiority is manifested in about every piece of goods on the counters or in the shelves-its completeness unmistakable.

There are the Graduating Gloves -don't forget them. Every kind that are used-sure to be here.

Perhaps the Graduating Dress as not yet been selected. Your hoice of hundreds of patterns and fabrics-Wool, Silk and Wash Materials-light shades and tints, of

A few choice items from our Linen Department: 62-inch Cream Damask, extra, 59c

Sideboard and Dresser Scarfs, regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 kfml, for 69c each. Hemstitched Huck Towels, 18x36 inch. cegular 17c value, for 125gc each. 100 Honeycomb Redsprends, full size,

Full Bleached Turkish Towels, 50 Inches long, made to sell for 49c, our

This week the last that the fa-

mous Painting, "The Morning of

the Crucifixion," will be on exhibition in this city. Be sure to see it.

EMERY, BIRD, THAYER & CO., SUCCESSORS TO

Bullone, Moore Errenzolo. MRS. PLUMB'S ANSWER.

She Denies the Allegations of A. E. Bateman Et Al in a Suit Against the Late Senator. Washington, May 19 .- (Special.) Mrs. Car.

Plumb, states, in a paper filed in the suppreme court of the District, that her husband left a personal estate ample to meet all just demands against him and always claimed that Bateman & Green, who had charge of badbling a road from Portsmouth, Va., to Hicks' Ford, Va., owed him \$20,000. The paper is an answer to the suit of Arthur E. Bateman and others, asking for the sale of Senator Plumbs real estate here to satisfy their demand for \$18,000 of the bends of the railroad company. They assert that Senator Plumbs did hot leave property chough to pay his debts, nor even enough to pay the maleyes. Mrs. Plumb says she knows nothing of any partnership between her late husband and Bateman & Green, nor of any interest of his in the Pertsmouth & Hicks' Ford railroad. She knew that he was interested in the Atlantic & Danville. She does not believe that her husband received \$180,000 in bonds of the road from the company. He always complained that he could not get an accounting from them and said he had advanced large amounts to them and they were at least \$100,000 in debt to him. She denies that he was a resident of the District of Columbia and says the action of Mr. Bateman and his associates was not brought within three years, as required. Judge Cox made an order in the case, appointing Lynn G. Wilcox, Charles Fletcher and William A. Willis, of Emporta Kas., a commission to name a guardian to act in the case for Senator Plumb's minor children, Ruth, Carolina and Freston. preme court of the District, that her hus-

EXCITEMENT IN ST. JOSEPH.

An Epidemic of Rabies Terrorizing the Citizens of That Town.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 19.—A mad dog scare is terrorizing the people of this city. Rabid animals are being hunted by the police and citizens. A rabid dog ran amack in the east part of the city a few days ago and before being killed had bitten a number of dogs which have been going mad since and biting other dogs. This forence there were four rabid animals loose in Wyatt park, at one time, and people did not dare to venture from their homes. James Harper was bitten by a rabid animal and was taken to Savannah for madstone treatment this afternoon. John Quinlaven, a boy, was bitten yesterday afternoon and taken to a madstone, which adhered for six hours. Several people had narrow escapes to-day. The police have killed fourteen mad dogs to-day and yesterday afternoon, among them some valuable animals. People who live in Wyatt park dare not venture out of doors after dark. St. Joseph, Mo., May 19 .- A mad dog